

KIDS COUNT IN MICHIGAN 2021
MONTMORENCY
 A BETTER FUTURE IS POSSIBLE

POPULATION	2010	2019	% change	POPULATION BY RACE (2019)			
Total population	9,765	9,328	-4.5%	Child population by race			
Child population	1,642	1,380	-16.0%	Hispanic 0–17	38	Young adult population by race	
• Ages 0–5	445	399	-10.3%	Non-Hispanic 0–17		Hispanic 18–24	8
• Ages 6–12	692	540	-22.0%	• African American/Black	32	Non-Hispanic 18–24	
• Ages 13–17	505	441	-12.7%	• American Indian	16	• African American/Black	9
Young adult population				• Asian/Pacific Islander	6	• American Indian	4
• Ages 18–24	517	487	-5.8%	• White	1,288	• Asian/Pacific Islander	0
						• White	466

KEY TRENDS OVER TIME	BASE YEAR (2010)		MOST RECENT YEAR (2019)				
	NUMBER	RATE	NUMBER	RATE	RATE CHANGE	MI RATE	TREND
	Children in poverty, ages 0–17	616	38.7%	330	24.7%	-36.2%	17.5%
Young adults in poverty, ages 18–24	160	27.6%	131	26.5%	-4.0%	24.5%	●
Households in Poverty & ALICE	1,799	41.5%	2,008	45.1%	8.7%	38.1%	●

ADDITIONAL DATA (2020 UNLESS NOTED)	NUMBER	RATE	MI RATE
Children receiving...			
• Free and reduced price lunch, K-12	414	61.1%	50.5%
• Subsidized child care, ages 0–12	11	1.2%	1.7%
• Cash assistance (FIP), ages 0–18	10	0.7%	1.2%
• Food assistance (FAP), ages 0–18	316	21.7%	21.6%
• Women, Infants and Children (WIC), ages 0–4 (2019)	217	64.8%	44.3%
• Supplemental Security Income, ages 0–18 [^]	32	21.9	16.3
• Any amount of child support owed	327	87.2%	83.6%
Median household income (2019)	\$40,126	N/A	\$59,522
Average cost of full-time child care/month	*	N/A	\$632
• Percent of full-time minimum wage	N/A	*	37.9%
Families receiving the Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC) (2019)	840	17.5%	15.1%
Families with high-cost housing (2019)	1,054	23.7%	26.7%

KIDS COUNT provides child advocates, agencies, public officials and legislators with the best available data, nonpartisan policy recommendations and tools to advance policies that benefit children.

Our data-based profiles help decision makers understand the educational, social, economic and physical well-being of children across the state.

KEY TRENDS OVER TIME	BASE YEAR (2010)		MOST RECENT YEAR (2019)				
	NUMBER	RATE	NUMBER	RATE	RATE CHANGE	MI RATE	TREND
	3- and 4-year-olds in preschool	33	17.7%	54	46.6%	163.0%	47.5%
3rd graders proficient in English Language Arts, M-STEP (Base: 2015)	27	54.0%	6	15.4%	-71.5%	45.1%	●
8th graders proficient in Math, M-STEP (Base: 2015; Recent: 2018)	10	18.9%	0	*	*	32.7%	—
Students graduating on time (2020)	54	78.3%	45	73.8%	-5.7%	82.1%	●

ADDITIONAL DATA (2020 UNLESS NOTED)	NUMBER	RATE	MI RATE
Children receiving <i>Early On</i> services by ISD, ages 0–2	32	3.0%	2.9%
Students in Special Education	107	15.7%	14.5%
Students who are homeless by ISD, K–12	195	3.9%	2.1%
8th graders proficient in Math, PSAT (2019)	17	31.5%	41.4%
Students who drop out	9	14.8%	7.8%
Teens not in school or working, ages 16–19 (2019)	18	5.9%	6.8%

KEY ● = IMPROVING ● = LITTLE CHANGE ● = WORSENING

HEALTH & SAFETY

KEY TRENDS OVER TIME	BASE YEAR (2010)		MOST RECENT YEAR (2019)				
	NUMBER	RATE	NUMBER	RATE	RATE CHANGE	MI RATE	TREND
Less than adequate prenatal care	17	25.1%	26	35.8%	42.4%	32.2%	●
Infant mortality [^]	0	*	0	*	*	6.6	—
Child deaths, ages 1–14*	0	*	0	*	*	18.5	—
Teen deaths, ages 15–19*	0	*	0	*	*	46.1	—
Young adult deaths, ages 18–24*	1	*	0	*	*	82.1	—

ADDITIONAL DATA (2020 UNLESS NOTED)

	NUMBER	RATE	MI RATE
Children with health insurance, ages 0–18 (2018)	1,379	95.8%	96.7%
Insured by Medicaid, ages 0–18	1,016	69.6%	46.3%
Low-birthweight babies (2019)	7	9.6%	8.7%
Fully immunized toddlers, ages 19–35 months	90	70.3%	70.7%
Children tested for lead, ages 1–2 (2019)	57	44.5%	40.9%
Children hospitalized for asthma, ages 0–14 ⁱ (2018)	*	*	10.3
Children with food insecurity, ages 0–17 (2018)	373	26.8%	14.7%
Mental health providers (ratio of population to provider) (2019)	12	772:1	373:1

FAMILY & COMMUNITY

KEY TRENDS OVER TIME	BASE YEAR (2010)		MOST RECENT YEAR				
	NUMBER	RATE	NUMBER	RATE	RATE CHANGE	MI RATE	TREND
Births to teens, ages 15–19 [^] (2019)	4	16.6	4	21.7	30.4%	15.7	●
Child abuse/neglect, ages 0–17 (2020)							
• Children in investigated families [^]	141	84.4	152	110.1	30.5%	95.9	●
• Confirmed victims [^]	35	21.0	31	22.5	7.4%	13.0	●
• Children in out-of-home care [^]	10	6.0	17	12.3	105.7%	4.7	●

ADDITIONAL DATA (2019)

	NUMBER	RATE	MI RATE
Living in high poverty areas, ages 0–17	0	0.0%	13.6%
Household structure, ages 0–17			
• Family with married parents	783	60.8%	66.5%
• Family with single parent	505	39.2%	33.5%
Poverty by household structure, ages 0–17			
• Family with married parents	153	19.5%	8.9%
• Family with single parent	232	45.9%	40.6%
English not spoken at home, ages 5–17	32	3.0%	10.6%
Children in homes with internet at home, ages 0–17	1,158	83.9%	89.9%

An equitable, two-generation approach will help Michigan’s kids keep moving forward.

A child’s well-being should not be determined by their race, place or income, but data shows that this is the reality. That’s why our racial equity lens considers how policy decisions help or hinder outcomes. We also consider access to opportunity for the adults in kids’ lives when working to improve well-being.

[^]Rate per 1000 ⁱRate per 10,000 *Rate per 100,000

For all data definitions and sources, see the Data Definitions and Notes page.

More data (including nearly 100 indicators, trends, graphs, rates and more) are on the [Kids Count Online Data Center](#).